Material Safety Data Sheet
May be used to comply with
OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard,
29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be
consulted for specific requirements.

IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List)
FG01 (02) (04) Inside Nebelfluid FlowMarker Fog Fluid

| Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the spaces must be marked to indicate that. |

Section I

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer's Name</th>
<th>Emergency Telephone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Günther Schaidt SAFEX-CHEMIE</td>
<td>+49 (0)40 8306481</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code)</th>
<th>Telephone Number for Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blankeneser Chaussee 26/32</td>
<td>+49 (0)40 8392110</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Prepared</th>
<th>Signature of Preparer (optional)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28 March 2001</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section II – Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical identity: Common name(s))</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>Other Limits Recommended</th>
<th>% (optional)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contains no hazardous components! Composition is made of</td>
<td>Not</td>
<td>Not</td>
<td>Not</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDA-approved, non-toxic polyfunctional alcohol preparation</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>applicable</td>
<td>applicable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>which meets USP (United States Pharmacopeia) purity (Food grade), highly purified demineralized water and gaseous nitrogen as propellant. (Aerosol can is under pressure.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Component: Not applicable

Section III – Physical/Chemical Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiling Point</th>
<th>Specific Gravity (\text{H}_2\text{O} = 1)</th>
<th>Not available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Melting Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density (AIR = 1)</td>
<td>&gt; 1</td>
<td>Evaporation Rate (\text{Butyl Acetate} = 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in Water</td>
<td>Complete</td>
<td>Appearance and Odor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section IV – Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flash point (Method used)</th>
<th>Flammable Limits</th>
<th>Lower: N/A</th>
<th>Upper: N/A</th>
<th>LEL N/A</th>
<th>UEL N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not flammable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Extinguishing Media</th>
<th>Special Fire Fighting Procedures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable / if mixed with inflammables: water, dry chemical, water fog</td>
<td>In the above case (mixed with inflammables): self-contained breathing apparatus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards | |
|-----------------------------------| |
| No explosion hazard; Overheated pressurized aerosol cans can burst. | |

(Reproduce locally)

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OSHA 174, Sept. 1985
Section V – Reactivity Data

Stability
- Unstable
- Stable

Conditions to Avoid
- Overheating of pressurized can

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)
- N/A

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts
- May include and are not limited to oxides of carbon when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Polymerization
- May Occur
- Conditions to Avoid
- None
- Will Not Occur
- X

Section VI – Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry
- Eye: Inhalation?
- X
- Skin?
- N/A
- Ingestion?
- Not applicable

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)
- Eye: Unvaporized fluid may slightly irritate.
- Ingestion: Not applicable

Carcinogenicity
- NO
- NTP?
- N/A
- ARC Monographs
- Not available
- OSHA Regulated
- NO

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure
- No symptoms, practically non-toxic

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure
- Product and generated fog are practically non-toxic.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures
- Eye: Flush with water, remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing if unvaporized fluid has reached the eye. If hot droplets got into the eye proceed as before and seek medical help. Skin: No route of harmful exposure. If allergic symptoms develop, obtain medical attention. Inhalation: No normal route for unvaporized fluid, generated fog is practically non-toxic.
- Ingestion: No practical route of exposure.

Section VII – Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be taken in Case Material is Released of Spilled
- Wash off spilled product with water if applicable

Waste Disposal Method
- Review Federal, State and Local Regulations prior to disposal. Empty aluminium aerosol can contains no hazards, it can be disposed with normal household garbage.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing
- Keep out or reach of children, do not fog into somebody's face with fog generator, do not burn or pierce aerosol can, do not expose can above 50°C.

Other Precautions
- Do not insert generated fog or application tube of fog generator in body openings. Spilled drops of fog fluid can lead to danger of skidding.

Section VIII – Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type)
- None required
- Special
- None

Ventilation
- Local Exhaust
- None required
- Other
- None

Mechanical (General)
- None required

Protective Gloves
- None required
- Eye Protection
- None required

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment
- None required

Work/Hygienic Practices
- N/A

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